



HONG KONG HERNIA SOCIETY  
香港疝氣學會

# *EHS Hernia Classification*

*CME accredited course*

*Hong Kong Hernia Society*



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# CME Question



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# (1) Which hernia classification is recommended from this lecture?

- A: European Hernia Society Classification
  - B: Nyhus Classification
  - C: Stoppa Classification
  - D: Gilbert Classification
  - E: Schumpelick Classification
- 
- Answer A



## (2) In EHS Classification, how many classifications are there for different abdominal wall hernias?

- A: Inguinal hernia; ventral hernia
- B: Groin hernia; ventral hernia hernia
- C: Inguinal and femoral hernia; primary ventral hernia; incisional hernia
- D: Inguinal hernia; primary ventral hernia; incisional hernia
- E: All myopectineal hernias; primary ventral hernia; incisional hernia

- Answer: C



### (3) How to classify a primary small size (<1.5cm) right indirect inguinal hernia with the EHS classification system?

- A: right P1L
  - B: right R1L
  - C: left P1L
  - D: right P1F
  - E: right R1M
- 
- Answer A



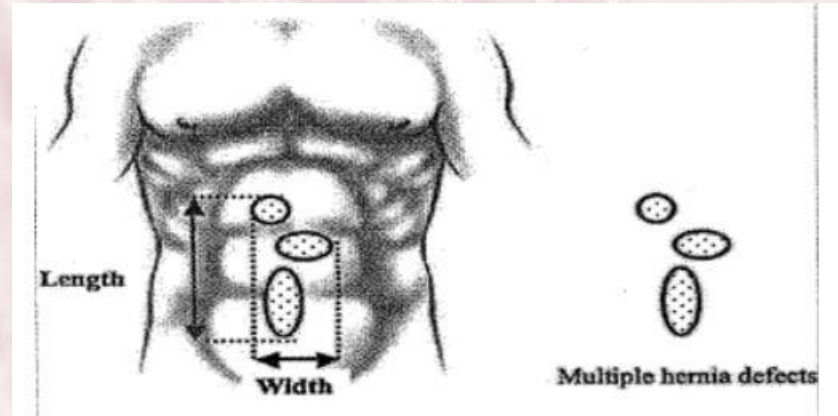
(4) How to classify a left side large (>3 cm) recurrent direct inguinal hernia with the EHS classification system?

- A: Right R3M
  - B: Left R3M
  - C: Left R2M
  - D: Left P3M
  - E: Left P2M
- 
- Answer B



## (5) What mesh shall we use in this case? (Length 6cm, width 5cm)

- A: One piece of mesh size 16x15cm
  - B: Measure each defect and use three meshes with 5cm margin for each mesh
  - C: One piece of mesh size 12x11cm
  - D: Biological mesh size 14x13cm
  - E: One piece of mesh size 14x13cm
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- Answer A



(6) How to classify a small size (1cm) subumbilical hernia from previous laparoscopic surgery with EHS classification system?

- A: L3W1
  - B: M2W1
  - C: M5W1
  - D: M3W1
  - E: M4W1
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- Answer D

